

Where we are

M Lorentzian mfd, time-oriented

$P \subset M$ spacelike submfd, $q \in M$.

$q \in \mathcal{J}_+(P) \Leftrightarrow \exists$ future-directed
causal curve from P to q
(or $q \in P$)

$q \in \mathcal{I}_\pm(P) \Leftrightarrow \exists$ future-directed
timelike curve from P to q .

$\mathcal{I}_\pm(P) \subset \mathcal{J}_\pm(P)$ Converse?

Vaguely $q \in \mathcal{J}_\pm(P) \setminus P \stackrel{?}{\Rightarrow} q \in \mathcal{I}_\pm(P)$

Previously $P = \{p\}$, c a future-directed
causal curve from p to q

$\langle \dot{c}(t), \dot{c}(t) \rangle \geq 0$. Can we get $\langle \dot{c}(t), \dot{c}(t) \rangle > 0$?

Then there is a future-directed timelike curve from p to q (close to c) unless c is a lightlike geodesic.

Now: $\dim P > 0$. Allow to vary the start point (locally), $p \in P$

Is there a future-directed timelike curve from P to q close to c ?

1) Prop 2.38 $\dot{c}(0) \perp T_{c(0)}P$

2) Lemma 2.43 $\dot{c}(0) \not\perp T_{c(0)}P$

Riemannian analogue

